Nitrogen and Phosphorus Fertilization of Irrigated Corn

A. Schlegel and H.D. Bond IPNI Project Report (KS-23), 2013 Season

Summary

Long-term research shows that phosphorus (P) and nitrogen (N) fertilizer must be applied to optimize production of irrigated corn in western Kansas. In 2013, N applied alone increased yields 69 bu/a, whereas P applied alone increased yields 21 bu/a. Nitrogen and P applied together increased yields up to 150 bu/a. This is similar to the 10 year average, where N and P fertilization increased corn yields up to 147 bu/a. Application of 120 lb/a N (with P) produced about 92% of maximum yield in 2013, which was similar to the 10-year average. Application of 80 instead of 40 lb P₂O₅/a increased average yields 3 bu/a.

Introduction

This study was initiated in 1961 to determine responses of continuous corn and grain sorghum grown under flood irrigation to N, P, and potassium (K) fertilization. The study is conducted on a Ulysses silt loam soil with an inherently high K content. No yield benefit to corn from K fertilization was observed in 30 years, and soil K levels remained high, so the K treatment was discontinued in 1992 and replaced with a higher P rate.

Procedures

This field study is conducted at the Tribune Unit of the Southwest Research-Extension Center. Fertilizer treatments initiated in 1961 are N rates of 0, 40, 80, 120, 160, and 200 lb/a without P and K; with 40 lb/a P_2O_5 and zero K; and with 40 lb/a P_2O_5 and 40 lb/a K_2O . The treatments were changed in 1992; the K variable was replaced by a higher rate of P (80 lb/a P_2O_5). All fertilizers were broadcast by hand in the spring and incorporated before planting. The soil is a Ulysses silt loam. The corn hybrids [Pioneer 34N45 (2004 and 2005), Pioneer 34N50 (2006), Pioneer 33B54 (2007), Pioneer 34B99 (2008), DeKalb 61-69 (2009), Pioneer 1173H (2010), Pioneer 1151XR (2011), and Pioneer 0832 (2012-2013)] were planted at about 32,000 seeds/a in late April or early May. Hail damaged the 2005 and 2010 crops. The corn is irrigated to minimize water stress. Sprinkler irrigation has been used since 2001. The center two rows of each plot are machine harvested after physiological maturity. Grain yields are adjusted to 15.5% moisture.

Results

Corn yields in 2013 were greater than the 10-year average (Table 1). Nitrogen alone increased yields 69 bu/a, whereas P alone increased yields 21 bu/a. However, N and P applied together increased corn yields up to 150 bu/a. While maximum yield was obtained with the highest N and P rate, 160 lb/a N with 80 lb/a P_2O_5 caused less than a 2% yield reduction. Corn yields in 2013 (averaged across all N rates) were 3 bu/a greater with 80 than with 40 lb/a P_2O_5 , which is less than the 10-year average of 6 bu/a.

| Table 1. Effect | of nitrogen a | and phosph | orus ferti | lization of | n irrigated | corn, Trib | une, KS, 20 | 004-2013. | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| N | P_2O_5 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | Mean |
| lb/a - | | | | | | | bu/a - | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 67 | 49 | 42 | 49 | 36 | 85 | 20 | 92 | 86 | 70 | 60 |
| 0 | 40 | 97 | 60 | 68 | 50 | 57 | 110 | 21 | 111 | 85 | 80 | 74 |
| 0 | 80 | 98 | 51 | 72 | 51 | 52 | 106 | 28 | 105 | 94 | 91 | 75 |
| 40 | 0 | 92 | 63 | 56 | 77 | 62 | 108 | 23 | 114 | 109 | 97 | 80 |
| 40 | 40 | 154 | 101 | 129 | 112 | 105 | 148 | 67 | 195 | 138 | 125 | 127 |
| 40 | 80 | 148 | 100 | 123 | 116 | 104 | 159 | 61 | 194 | 135 | 126 | 127 |
| 80 | 0 | 118 | 75 | 79 | 107 | 78 | 123 | 34 | 136 | 128 | 112 | 99 |
| 80 | 40 | 209 | 141 | 162 | 163 | 129 | 179 | 85 | 212 | 197 | 170 | 165 |
| 80 | 80 | 205 | 147 | 171 | 167 | 139 | 181 | 90 | 220 | 194 | 149 | 166 |
| 120 | 0 | 103 | 66 | 68 | 106 | 65 | 117 | 28 | 119 | 134 | 114 | 92 |
| 120 | 40 | 228 | 162 | 176 | 194 | 136 | 202 | 90 | 222 | 213 | 204 | 183 |
| 120 | 80 | 234 | 170 | 202 | 213 | 151 | 215 | 105 | 225 | 211 | 194 | 192 |
| 160 | 0 | 136 | 83 | 84 | 132 | 84 | 139 | 49 | 157 | 158 | 122 | 114 |
| 160 | 40 | 231 | 170 | 180 | 220 | 150 | 210 | 95 | 229 | 227 | 199 | 191 |
| 160 | 80 | 240 | 172 | 200 | 227 | 146 | 223 | 95 | 226 | 239 | 217 | 199 |
| 200 | 0 | 162 | 109 | 115 | 159 | 99 | 155 | 65 | 179 | 170 | 139 | 135 |
| 200 | 40 | 234 | 169 | 181 | 224 | 152 | 207 | 97 | 218 | 225 | 198 | 191 |
| 200 | 80 | 239 | 191 | 204 | 232 | 157 | 236 | 104 | 231 | 260 | 220 | 207 |
| ANOVA (P>F) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrogen | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Linear | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Quadratic | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Phosphorus | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Linear | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Quadratic | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| $N \times P$ | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Means | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrogen, lb/a | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | | 87 | 53 | 61 | 50 | 48 | 100 | 23 | 103 | 88 | 80 | 69 |
| 40 | | 132 | 88 | 103 | 102 | 91 | 138 | 50 | 167 | 127 | 116 | 111 |
| 80 | | 178 | 121 | 137 | 146 | 115 | 161 | 70 | 189 | 173 | 143 | 143 |
| 120 | | 188 | 133 | 149 | 171 | 118 | 178 | 74 | 189 | 186 | 171 | 156 |
| 160 | | 203 | 142 | 155 | 193 | 127 | 191 | 80 | 204 | 208 | 179 | 168 |
| 200 | | 212 | 156 | 167 | 205 | 136 | 199 | 89 | 209 | 218 | 186 | 178 |
| LSD (0.05) | | 11 | 10 | 15 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 9 | 13 | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| P ₂ O ₅ lb/a | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | | 113 | 74 | 74 | 105 | 71 | 121 | 36 | 133 | 131 | 109 | 97 |
| 40 | | 192 | 134 | 149 | 160 | 122 | 176 | 76 | 198 | 181 | 163 | 155 |
| 80 | | 194 | 139 | 162 | 168 | 125 | 187 | 81 | 200 | 189 | 166 | 161 |
| LSD (0.05) | | 8 | 7 | 11 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 6 |

Nitrogen and Phosphorus Fertilization of Irrigated Grain Sorghum

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IPNI Project Report (KS-23), 2013 Season

Summary

Long-term research shows that phosphorus (P) and nitrogen (N) fertilizer must be applied to optimize production of irrigated grain sorghum in western Kansas. In 2013, N applied alone increased yields 57 bu/a, whereas N and P applied together increased yields up to 84 bu/a. Averaged across the past 10 years, N and P fertilization increased sorghum yields up to 70 bu/a. Application of 40 lb/a N (with P) was sufficient to produce about 80% of maximum yield in 2013 which was slightly less than the 10-yr average. Application of potassium (K) has had no effect on sorghum yield throughout the study period.

Introduction

This study was initiated in 1961 to determine responses of continuous grain sorghum grown under flood irrigation to N, P, and K fertilization. The study is conducted on a Ulysses silt loam soil with an inherently high K content. The irrigation system was changed from flood to sprinkler in 2001.

Procedures

This field study is conducted at the Tribune Unit of the Southwest Research-Extension Center. Fertilizer treatments initiated in 1961 are N rates of 0, 40, 80, 120, 160, and 200 lb/a N without P and K; with 40 lb/a P_2O_5 and zero K; and with 40 lb/a P_2O_5 and 40 lb/a K_2O . All fertilizers are broadcast by hand in the spring and incorporated before planting. The soil is a Ulysses silt loam. Sorghum (Pioneer 8500/8505 from 2003–2007, Pioneer 85G46 in 2008–2011, and Pioneer 84G62 in 2012-2013) was planted in late May or early June. Irrigation is used to minimize water stress. Sprinkler irrigation has been used since 2001. The center two rows of each plot are machine harvested after physiological maturity. Grain yields are adjusted to 12.5% moisture.

Results

Grain sorghum yields in 2013 were similar to the 10-year average yields (Table 1). Nitrogen alone increased yields 57 bu/a while P alone increased yields 15 bu/a. However, N and P applied together increased yields up to 84 bu/a. Averaged across the past 10 years, N and P applied together increased yields up to 70 bu/a. In 2013, 40 lb/a N (with P) produced about 78% of maximum yield, which is slightly less than the 10-year average of 85%. Sorghum yields were not affected by K fertilization, which has been the case throughout the study period.

Table 1. Effect of nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium fertilizers on irrigated grain sorghum yields, Tribune, KS, 2004-2013.

|] | Fertilizer Grain sorghum | | | | | | | n sorghum yie | eld | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------|----------|-------|-------|----------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ν | P_2O_5 | K ₂ O | 2004 | 2005* | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | Mean |
| | lb/a bu/a | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 58 | 84 | 80 | 66 | 64 | 51 | 75 | 78 | 62 | 68 |
| 0 | 40 | 0 | 73 | 53 | 102 | 97 | 60 | 70 | 51 | 83 | 90 | 77 | 77 |
| 0 | 40 | 40 | 74 | 54 | 95 | 94 | 65 | 76 | 55 | 88 | 93 | 72 | 77 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 63 | 102 | 123 | 92 | 84 | 66 | 106 | 115 | 94 | 92 |
| 40 | 40 | 0 | 112 | 84 | 133 | 146 | 111 | 118 | 77 | 121 | 140 | 114 | 117 |
| 40 | 40 | 40 | 117 | 84 | 130 | 145 | 105 | 109 | 73 | 125 | 132 | 110 | 114 |
| 80 | 0 | 0 | 73 | 76 | 111 | 138 | 114 | 115 | 73 | 117 | 132 | 102 | 106 |
| 80 | 40 | 0 | 103 | 81 | 132 | 159 | 128 | 136 | 86 | 140 | 163 | 136 | 128 |
| 80 | 40 | 40 | 123 | 92 | 142 | 166 | 126 | 108 | 84 | 138 | 161 | 133 | 129 |
| 120 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 77 | 101 | 138 | 106 | 113 | 70 | 116 | 130 | 100 | 103 |
| 120 | 40 | 0 | 106 | 95 | 136 | 164 | 131 | 130 | 88 | 145 | 172 | 137 | 132 |
| 120 | 40 | 40 | 115 | 98 | 139 | 165 | 136 | 136 | 90 | 147 | 175 | 142 | 136 |
| 160 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 77 | 123 | 146 | 105 | 108 | 74 | 124 | 149 | 117 | 112 |
| 160 | 40 | 0 | 120 | 106 | 145 | 170 | 138 | 128 | 92 | 152 | 178 | 146 | 139 |
| 160 | 40 | 40 | 113 | 91 | 128 | 167 | 133 | 140 | 88 | 151 | 174 | 143 | 134 |
| 200 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 86 | 134 | 154 | 120 | 110 | 78 | 128 | 147 | 119 | 119 |
| 200 | 40 | 0 | 115 | 108 | 143 | 168 | 137 | 139 | 84 | 141 | 171 | 136 | 135 |
| 200 | 40 | 40 | 123 | 101 | 143 | 170 | 135 | 129 | 87 | 152 | 175 | 138 | 137 |
| ANOVA (P> | >F) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrogen | | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Linear | | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Ouadratic | | | 0.018 | 0.005 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| P-K | | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Zero P vs | Р | | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| P vs P-K | - | | 0.121 | 0.803 | 0.578 | 0.992 | 0.745 | 0.324 | 0.892 | 0.278 | 0.826 | 0.644 | 0.001 |
| $N \sim P K$ | | | 0.022 | 0.105 | 0.210 | 0.952 | 0.045 | 0.053 | 0.022 | 0.278 | 0.820 | 0.044 | 0.777 |
| | | | 0.022 | 0.175 | 0.210 | 0.705 | 0.005 | 0.055 | 0.22) | 0.542 | 0.100 | 0.077 | 0.071 |
| Means | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrogen, lb/ | /a | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | | | 68 | 55 | 93 | 91 | 64 | 70 | 52 | 82 | 87 | 70 | 74 |
| 40 | | | 96 | 77 | 121 | 138 | 103 | 104 | 72 | 117 | 129 | 106 | 108 |
| 80 | | | 100 | 83 | 128 | 155 | 123 | 120 | 81 | 132 | 152 | 124 | 121 |
| 120 | | | 96 | 90 | 125 | 156 | 124 | 126 | 82 | 136 | 159 | 126 | 123 |
| 160 | | | 107 | 92 | 132 | 161 | 125 | 125 | 83 | 142 | 167 | 135 | 129 |
| 200 | | | 113 | 98 | 140 | 164 | 131 | 126 | 84 | 141 | 165 | 131 | 130 |
| LSD (0.05 | 5) | | 11 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 11 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 5 |
| $P_2 O_5 - K_2 O_1 H$ | b/a | | ** | •• | •• | , | | | č | 0 | | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 0, u | | 74 | 73 | 109 | 130 | 101 | 99 | 68 | 111 | 125 | 99 | 100 |
| 40.0 | | | 105 | 88 | 132 | 151 | 117 | 120 | 80 | 120 | 125 | 124 | 121 |
| 40-0 | | | 105 | 00 97 | 132 | 151 | 117 | 140 | 70 | 122 | 152 | 124 | 121 |
| 40-40 LCD (0.05 | ~ | | 111 | 0/ | 150 | 151 | 11/ F | 110 | 19 | 155 | 152 | 125 | 121 |
| LSD (0.05 |) | | / | / | / | 6 | 5 | / | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 |

*Note. 2005 yields used only blocks 3, 4, & 5.